**KIỂM TRA CUỐI HỌC KÌ II-TIẾNG ANH 8**

**NĂM HỌC 2020-2021**

 ***(Đề thi gồm có 03 trang)* Thời gian làm bài: 45 phút**

**Mã đề thi 801**

**Họ và tên thí sinh …………………………………… Lớp: …………… : Điểm: ……………………**

**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

**Choose the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.**

1. A. decide B. light C. find D. bill

2. A. added B. hoped C. fixed D. asked

**Choose the word that differs from the other three in the position of stress in each of the following questions.**

3. A. open B. reduce C. agree D. return

4. A. activity B. quality C. ability D. security

**Choose the best answer A, B, C or D to complete the following sentences.**

5. The man said that he \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ from Bulgaria.

A. come B. came C. is coming D. will come

6. We would take part in the competition if the prize \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ bigger.

A. were B. is C. may D. might

7. The students \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for an exam at this time next week.

A. are sitting B. will sit C. will be sitting D. are going to sit

8. What is the most well-known \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ invention in the 19th century?

A. scientist B. scientific C. science D. scientifically

9. This ancient cathedral \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ by two archeologists in 1988.

A. discovered B. is discovered C. had discovered D. was discovered

10. Bobby asked me \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ I liked collecting stamps.

A. as B. though C. whether D. what

11. Before he did his homework, he \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a TV show.

A. watches B. had watched C. watched D. is watching

12. Last Sunday they arrived at the waterfall nearby \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 7.00 a.m.

A. at B. of C. in D. on

13. Lena enjoys \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ on the phone with her friends.

A. chat B. to chat C. chatting D. to chatting

14. If we \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ soon, the pollution will get much worse.

A. don’t act B. didn’t act C. won’t act D. hadn’t act

15. People in countries like the USA, Great Britain, and New Zealand use English as their \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ language.

A.Ø B. native C. foreign D. second

16. Look at your weekly schedule. Your presentation \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ at 9.45. Don’t be late, please.

A. is starting B. has started C. starts D. had started

**Choose the most suitable response to complete each of the following exchanges.**

17. **Thanh:** “Do you think robots will replace teachers?” – **Binh:** “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

A. Robots will work in factories and clean our homes in the future.

B. I don't think that will ever happen.

C. Yes, he did.

D. When people don’t speak the same language.

18. **David:** They have invented a flying car. – **Sarah:** “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

A. That’s awful! B. How terrible! C. Oh dear! D. That’s awesome!

**Choose the word that is CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word in each of the following questions.**

19. We can use either **verbal** or non-verbal forms of communication.

A. using gestures B. using speech C. using verbs D. using facial expressions

20. I love going to this place **as** it has the most beautiful scenery in the city.

A**.** when   B**.**so C**.**because      D**.**but

**Choose the word that is OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word in each of the following questions.**

21. Nam’s brother drives **carelessly**, so he usually has accidents.

A. beautifully B. heavily C. safely D. dangerously

**22.** The International Organizations are going to be in a **temporary**way in the country.

A**.** soak          B**.** guess            C**.**complicated          D**.**permanent

**Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow.**

Thomas Alva Edison was born in Ohio in 1847. As a child, he received less than a year of formal schooling, but was educated at home. His parents allowed him to set up a laboratory in their basement and his mother gave him books about chemistry and electronics. Edison credits his mother as being ‘the making’ of him.

In 1878, Thomas Edison began serious research into developing a practical incandescent lamp and on October 14, 1878, Edison filed his first patent application for “Improvement in Electric Lights”. In 1879, he created a successful incandescent light bulb. This was his hardest project – from 1877 to 1880, Edison and his assistants tried around 3000 experiments to perfect their light bulb design. By the end of 1880, Edison had produced a bulb that lasted 1500 hours. This discovery marked the beginning of commercially manufactured light bulbs and in 1880, Thomas Edison’s company; Edison Electric Light Company began marketing **its** new product.

***23. When was Edison born?***

A. In 1878 B. In 1847 C. In 1877 D. In 1500

***24. Where was Edison’s laboratory?***

A. at his school B. in a company C. in the city D. in their basement

***25. How many hours did the 1880 bulb last?***

A. 3000 B. 1500 C. 1880 D. 1878

***26. What does the word* “its” *in the last sentence refer to?***

A. Thomas Edison’s company B. Thomas Edison’s patent

C. Thomas Edison’s invention D. Thomas Edison’s discovery

***27. What is the main idea of the passage?***

A. A brief history of the light bulb B. The early life of Thomas Edison

C. Family of Thomas Edison D. Thomas Edison’s company

**Read the following paragraph and complete it with one suitable word in each blank.**

The key advantage of face-to-face \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (28) is that body language becomes a part of the conversation, too. When emailing or talking on the phone, there is no opportunity \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (29) the other person. Even video conferencing sometimes doesn’t provide the full picture of the person you’re talking to.

By having a face-to-face conversation, people have the opportunity to see the posture, facial expressions \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (30) arm gestures of their communication partners. A look of shock or anger on the face can change the whole trajectory of the conversation. Similarly, making eye contact and shaking someone’s hand can help to establish trust and ease tensions.

For example, if a salesperson is meeting with a prospect \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (31) person and presents the price for the product, the look on the prospect’s face can be very telling about whether they will accept the price or not. This gives the salesperson an opportunity to further elaborate on the benefits and results the product will achieve. If this conversation had taken \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (32) on the phone, the salesperson may not have realized that the prospect needed further convincing after seeing the price.

28. A. communication B. communicative C. communicate D. communicatively

29. A. see B. seeing C. seen D. to see

30. A. but B. so C. and D. because

31. A. in B. for C. on D. to

32. A. position B. situation C. condition D. place

**Choose the underlined part that needs correction in each of the sentences.**

33. The shop assistant asked Helen whether the shoes are too small for her.

 A B C D

34. My brother decided learning English to go abroad.

 A B C D

35. Because the Covid-19 pandemic, they will have to cancel the trip to the mountain.

A B C D

**Choose the sentence that is CLOSEST in meaning to the original sentence in each of the following questions.**

***36. “I will hand in my assignment to the teacher tomorrow.” Alan said to me.***

A. Alan told me that he will hand in his assignment to the teacher the next day.

B. Alan said me that he would hand in his assignment to the teacher the next day.

C. Alan told me that he would hand in his assignment to the teacher tomorrow.

D. Alan told me that he would hand in his assignment to the teacher the next day.

***37. I haven’t been to this gallery before.***

A. I don’t like going to galleries.

B. This gallery is attractive.

C. Before going to this, I didn’t go to any other gallery.

D. This is the first time I have been to this gallery.

***38. Scientists have invented new devices to help people live a longer life.***

A. New devices have invented to help people live a longer life.

B. New devices has been invented to help people live a longer life.

C. New devices have been invented to help people live a longer life.

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**Choose the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.**

***39. I don’t have enough time. I can’t go on holiday this summer.***

A. If I had enough time, I could go on holiday this summer.

B. If I have enough time, I can go on holiday this summer.

C. If I have enough time, I could go on holiday this summer.

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***40. The man had a broken leg. He tried to save his wife.***

A. In spite of the man had a broken leg, he tried to save his wife.

B. Despite of the man’s broken leg, he tried to save his wife.

C. In spite of the man’s broken leg, he tried to save his wife.

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